

Tempat berlaku menentukan cara aduan.



Buli tetap buli di mana-mana. Yang berbeza ialah ke mana aduan dibawa dahulu.

Bawah pengawasan sekolah

Mula dengan jawatankuasa pencegahan dan pengurusan kes buli di sekolah.

Luar pengawasan sekolah

Boleh terus kepada Tribunal Bagi Antibuli.

Di mana pun

Ia berlaku, ia tetap boleh dilaporkan.

Buli di luar kawasan sekolah tetap buli. Mangsa masih dilindungi dan aduan masih boleh dibuat.



DITERBITKAN OLEH

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Siri kesedaran di bawah Akta Antibuli 2026 (Akta 876).

Buli berlaku di mana?



Buli boleh berlaku di bawah pengawasan sekolah, atau di luarnya; dan apa bezanya.

Akta Antibuli 2026 (Akta 876)

Di mana buli berlaku?

Bawah pengawasan sekolah

- Dalam kelas dan perhimpunan sekolah
- Kantin dan tandas sekolah
- Asrama dan padang sekolah
- Aktiviti kokurikulum dan latihan sukan
- Rombongan atau lawatan sekolah
- Program rasmi dan kem sekolah
- Bas atau van sekolah
- Kumpulan WhatsApp kelolaan sekolah atau guru kelas



Luar pengawasan sekolah

- Taman permainan selepas waktu sekolah
- Kedai atau pusat beli-belah
- Perjalanan pulang yang bukan urusan sekolah
- Kumpulan WhatsApp atau Telegram peribadi
- Media sosial di luar aktiviti sekolah
- Kelas tuisyen persendirian
- Permainan video dalam talian

Proses aduan 1

Kes bawah pengawasan sekolah

- 1 Lapor kepada jawatankuasa**
Aduan dibuat kepada jawatankuasa berhubung dengan pencegahan dan pengurusan kes buli di sekolah atau institusi.

- 2 Jika tiada tindakan**
Jika tiada tindakan diambil atau aduan tidak diuruskan dengan sewajarnya, ibu, bapa atau penjaga boleh membawa aduan kepada Tribunal Bagi Antibuli.

- 3 Rujukan oleh jawatankuasa**
Jawatankuasa boleh merujuk aduan kepada Tribunal dengan keizinan termaklum pengadu.



Proses aduan 2

Kes luar pengawasan sekolah

- 1 Terus kepada Tribunal**
Ibu, bapa atau penjaga boleh membuat aduan terus kepada Tribunal Bagi Antibuli jika mangsa ialah kanak-kanak atau pelajar.



Tidak perlu melalui sekolah

Kejadian di luar pengawalseliaan atau pengawasan institusi pendidikan tidak perlu dibawa kepada jawatankuasa sekolah dahulu.

Aduan hendaklah mengenai buli yang berlaku selepas Akta ini mula berkuat kuasa.

Aduan kepada Tribunal tidak menghalang pengadu daripada membuat laporan polis. Nama kanak-kanak dilindungi dan pendengaran Tribunal tertutup.

Where it happens shapes the complaint.



Bullying is bullying anywhere. What differs is where the complaint goes first.

Under school supervision

Start with the school committee in relation to the prevention and management of bully case.

Outside school supervision

You may go directly to the Tribunal for Anti-bully.

Wherever it is

It happens, it can still be reported.

Bullying away from school grounds is still bullying. The victim is still protected and a complaint can still be made.



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An awareness series under the Anti-Bully Act 2026 (Act
876).

Where does bullying happen?



Bullying can happen under school supervision or outside it, and here's why it matters.

Anti-Bully Act 2026 (Act 876)

Where does bullying happen?

Under school supervision

- In the classroom and at assembly
- The canteen and school toilets
- The hostel and the school field
- Co-curricular activities and sports training
- School excursions and trips
- Official school programmes and camps
- The school bus or van
- WhatsApp groups run by the school or class teacher



Outside school supervision

- The playground after school hours
- Shops or the shopping centre
- The journey home that is not school business
- Private WhatsApp or Telegram groups
- Social media outside school activities
- Private tuition classes
- Online video games

Complaint route 1

Cases under school supervision

- 1 Complain to the committee**
The complaint is made to the committee in relation to the prevention and management of bully case at the school or institution.
- 2 If no action is taken**
If no action is taken or the complaint is not properly dealt with, the parent or guardian may bring the complaint to the Tribunal for Anti-bully.
- 3 Referral by the committee**
The committee may refer the complaint to the Tribunal subject to the complainant giving informed consent.



Complaint route 2

Cases outside school supervision

- 1 Straight to the Tribunal**
The parent or guardian may make the complaint directly to the Tribunal for Anti-bully where the victim is a child or a student.



No need to go through the school

Incidents outside the supervision or monitoring of the educational institution need not go to the school committee first.

A complaint must relate to bullying that occurs after this Act comes into operation.

A complaint to the Tribunal does not stop the complainant from making a police report. A child's name is protected and Tribunal hearings are closed.